# The best constant of discrete Sobolev inequality on regular polyhedron 

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The best constant of discrete Sobolev inequality on regular polyhedron is obtained. The simplest case is the case of tetrahedron. The discrete Laplacian of it is the $4 \times 4$ matrix

$$
A=\left(\begin{array}{cccc}
3 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\
-1 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\
-1 & -1 & 3 & -1 \\
-1 & -1 & -1 & 3
\end{array}\right)
$$

Theorem For any $u \in \mathbb{C}^{4}$ satisfying $\sum_{j=0}^{3} u(j)=0$ it holds an inequality

$$
\left(\max _{0 \leq j \leq 3}|u(j)|\right)^{2} \leq C u^{*} A u
$$

with suitable positive constant $C$. Among such $C$ the best constant is $C_{0}=3 / 16$. If we substitute $C$ by $C_{0}$ then the equality holds for $u=(3,-1,-1,-1)$, $(-1,3,-1,-1), \quad(-1,-1,3,-1), \quad(-1,-1,-1,3)$.

For regular M-hedron the best constants $C_{0}(M)$ are as follows:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& C_{0}(4)=3 / 16, \quad C_{0}(6)=29 / 96, \quad C_{0}(8)=13 / 72 \\
& C_{0}(12)=137 / 300, \quad C_{0}(20)=7 / 36
\end{aligned}
$$

